IN SENATE. [Wednesday, November 22, 1865. The Senate met at two o'clock, P. M.

On motion by Mr. BENNETT the reading of esterday's journal was dispensed with. PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS. Mosses, WRIGHT and BROWN, of Wells, cach presented petitions for the repeal of the law for the relief of soldiers' families, etc., which was referred without reading.

Mr. VAN BUSKIRK presented a memorial which was referred to the Committee on Temservice without reading. SUPERVISORS OF HIGHWAYS.

Mr. TERRY, from the Committee on Corporations, returned the bill [H. R. 79] to amend the Supervisors' act of March 5, 1859, with mendments thereto, recommending passage. The report was concurred in, and the bi was read the second time, Mr. BENNETT moved to amend the bill so as to allow the Supervisor to employ men to work out commutation money at wages not to exceed two dollars per day.

Mr. COBB was in favor of putting the figure at such an amount as will compensate every man who performs labor on the highways. No better safeguard can be thrown wound officers than to make the law clear. Mr. WRIGHT. No Supervisor ought to be llowed to pay more than the man pays who does not work his road tax out. Mr. CORBIN thought there should be some discretion left with the officer-the people themselves can regulate these things.

Mr. CULLEN. The amount of commutation money should be the standard to pay for work Mr. CASON was anxious that this bill should

Mr. McCLURG was willing to leave discretionary power in the hands of the Supervisor, and would be glad to see the amendment Mr. WILLIAMS would leave it altogether the heirs of Francis Costigan, etc., which was discretionary with the Supervisor, and moved | read the first time and passed to the second

to strike from the amendment the words "not | reading. On motion of Mr. CULLEN, this amendment was laid on the table upon a division -affirmative, 21; negative 18. And the amendment was laid on the table by yeas 20, nays 13. Mr. RICHMOND moved to increase the price of commutation from \$1.50 to \$3.00.
On motion of Mr. COBB, this amendment was laid on the table.

The bill was then ordered engressed, ed to be engrossed, the Executive Messen-communicated the following:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: message invited your attention to the necessi- which was passed to the second reading. ties of the speedy establishment of an institu-tion in which Indiana soldiers and seamen, the disabilities under which they are laboring. He also said, in the same connection, that the United States General Hospital at Jefferson-ville is one of the most complete establishments ville is one of the most complete establishments of the kind in the country, and is well adapted is transportation to persons desiring to ship to the purposes of a Soldiers' Home, and that he had written to the Secretary of War and surgeon General for information as to whether the Government would be willing to turn over this hospital to the State of Indiana, to be used in the establishment of such an institution, should the State desire it, and that the answer, when received, would be communi-

cated to the General Assembly. Since the departure of Gov. Morton a comtated that upon application to that effect by ment, the State of Indiana, the Surgeon General wift ommend that the general hospital at Jefferonville be turned over to the State authorities upon the same terms as the Tripler Hospital requiring all property hereafter sold in pursu- of Indiana. It had worked an immense bene was turned over to the State of Ohio. A copy ance of any process of law, to be sold without of this communication from the Surgeon Genappraisement; which was passed to the second sight of this principle we shall soon get into was turned over to the State of Ohio, A copy eral's office is herewith respectfully submitted. | reading. I have no difinite information as to the terms upon which Tripler Hospital was turned over to the State of Ohio, but believe that the only terms required was a guarantee on the part of

which it was given. I have written to the Surgeon General since the receipt of this communication for informa-Jion as to the precise terms upon which Trip-ter Hospital was donated to the State of Ohio. Which was read the first time. The land upon which the General Hospital at Jeffersonville is situated, comprising, as I am informed, about one hundred and sixty seres, can be procured for a reasonable price, this offer of the government to turn over the Hospital buildings, with the appurtenances, would seem to afford a solution of the Soldiers' Home question, so far as its location is concerned. Indeed, if such an institution is to be at all provided by the State or the people, and Governor's message on the subject of the Na- divorce cases to attorneys was introduced and heved a new appointment will be made before of this I do not permet myself to doubt, we can not afford to decline the offer of buildings were referred to the Committee on Finance, rid of. And now he did not think there was the meeting of Congress.

Dr. Cravan, from Fort Monroe this mornaccomplishment of the very object we have in view, whether the owners of the land will or will not consent to sell the land for a reasonable price. If they refuse thus to sell, the remedy of the State is plain. It is to provide, by Legislative enactment, for the taking of the

mended to your careful consideration. Whenever an answer is received from the Surgeon General as to the terms upon which Tripler Hospital was turned over to the State Ohio, it will be communicated to the Gen-CONRAD BAKER, rai Assembly. SUPERVISORS.

exemption from work on highways more dif- passage. 9, just passed to the third reading. The report was agreed to.

Reports of Nov. 14, recommending indefinite | reading. postponement of No. 197 and the passage of The report was concurred in, and S. No. 198 was read the second time.

Mr. CORBIN moved to amend the bill by triking out so much of section 3 as occurs after the word " cease," in the fourth line. On motion by Mr. RICHMOND, the amendment was laid on the table On motion of Mr. CULLEN the rules were suspended-year 36, mays 6-and the bill read ;

Lieutenant Governor, Acting as Governor, Mr. CORRIN. One of the strongest arguments used by its friends in favor of the passage of the bill for the relief of the families of 2 o'clock, P. M., and directed the Clerk to read soldlers, was that the burthens should be the Journal of vesterday, of the distribution now? And where is the the Journal was dispensed with. theory they urged with so much vehemence, when they now come in and propose to repeal that law, and when they vote down alost unanimously an amendment proposing a put it upon the same ground they urged a reason why the bill should pass? If it just to make an conal distribution at the

of the passage of the bill, upon what Caldwell, Sth; Henricks, 9th; Bird, 10th and and has it ceased, and why should there Cowgill, 11th. be an equality of distribution now? If here were printed in Indianapolis, and they Collins, 11th. They were printed at the Journal effice all row evening till Tuesday. there petitions were.

Mr. BENNETT. The reason we want here are not now the number of beneficiaries Bounty bill [H. R. 156.] ata the State Treasury than they would re row at this hour-25 o'clock, P. M. wive from it, but I thought nevertheless my hers now to pay it out to, the surplus money | The motion was agreed to,

alon and Favette will go into the Treasury | On motion by Mr. COFFROTH, Mr. Collins' Marshall or some other county, and there be | drainage bill, No. 23; also his own drainage | was in the question. and as other county marries, and to that I am toll, No. 81, were referred to a seclect commit-Mr. COURTN interposing . The expendis On motion by Mr. HIGGINS, the regular they will get liquor if they want it. He was The Methodist Conference in Mississippi has - is debt to the amount required under the bills on the first reading.

wovisions of this bill, and why should the and the saldlers remained in the field up to in actions for property destroyed by mobs will probably yet be proposed by the gentlethus happened fortunately for this country ing. hat these subfers have come home; and it is

war continued to this time.

he thought, was felt by the Senate.

seas 41, nave 1.

THE REBEL JEFF, DAVIS.

Mr. CASON, from a majority of the Commit es on Federal Relations, submitted a lengthy report reasoning in favor of the passage of the concurrent resolution offered by Mr. Bennett (printed in these reports of the 15th inst.), and recommending that the substitute offered by Mr. Brown, of Wells, lie upon the

Mr. HANNA submitted a minority report arguing against the report of the majority, and orts, for want of space in these columns, will | whole thing be left in the hands of the Presio printed in the Brevier Legislative Reports. | dent of the United States. Mr. CASON, under instructions from the Committee, moved that both reports lie on the table and be made the special order for 9 o'clock A. M., Tuesday, the 26th day of Decem-

The motion was agreed to. Mr. OYLER made an ineffectual motionyeas 16, nays 25-to print one hundred copies

Mr. VAN BUSKIRK, when this resolution was before the Senate, was represented in the Indianapolis Daily Herald as saying that he is not in favor of the resolution as introduced by the Senator from Fayette and Union [Mr. Bennett. He is in favor of the resolution, but not for the reasons generally assigned by gen- lins. tlemen who spoke in support of it at that time.

VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT LAWS. Mr. RICHMOND, from the Committee on County and Township Business, returned the the bill [8. No, 69] repealing Section 119 of the Valuation and Assessment Act, approved June 21, 1852, recommending its indefinite postpone-

The report was concurred in. HORSE THIEVES AND OTHER FELONS.

files of the Senate. COUNTY ORDERS. On motion by Mr. GIFFORD, it was Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be instructed POSTAGE STAMPS.

was adopted, allowing the Secretaries and Door-Keepers \$3 00 worth of Postage Stamps. Mr. COBIF introduced a bill [8, No. 232] for An Act appropriating certain sums of money surance bill (8, 199) was referred to the Judiciary. The bill (8, 52) was referred to the Judiciary. The bill (8, 199) was referred to the Judiciary. The bill (8, 199) was referred to the Judiciary. for the payment of Washington H. Talbott, and

VERNON, JENNINGS CO. On motion by Mr. VAWTER his bill [8, No. 21] amending the charter of the town of Ver-non, Jennings Co., was read the second time, and passed to the third reading.

ADOPTED CHILDREN. Mr. WILLIAMS introduced a bill [8, No. 223 for An Act to enable any child adopted of the last session of the General Assembly, The bill was then ordered engrossed.

MESSAGE FROM THE ACTING GOVERNOR.

During the consideration of the bill just or-Indiana, which was read the first time and | State, he found these statements fully suspassed to a second reading.

CITY INCORPORATION LAWS.

House of Representatives:

At the commencement of the present Special Session, His Excellency, the Governor, in his which was passed to the second reading.

Mr. CASON introduced a bill S. No. 234 for ings. That was his main objection. He knew that a very wrongful system of practice had been gotten up by attorneys in these cases so Mr. CULVER introduced a bill [S. No. 235] selves. It was not only wrongful but villainous, involving purgery, Such a system had disabled by wounds or disease contracted in for An Act to amend An Act in relation to no doubt prevailed in some parts of the State.

> RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION. ond reading.

MORE POSTAGE STAMPS. Mr. RICHMOND offered a resolution, which | deal of time and trouble and facilitates bus was adopted, directing the Doorkeeper to ness. He would not strike down this princi-furnish each Senator with two hundred two ple of uniformity in procedures because a few cent postage stams. GENERAL PRACTICE.

Mr. NILES, from the Jddiciary Committee, munication has been received from the office of returned the bill [H. R. 57] to amend section the Surgeon General in reply to his letter of in- 784 of the General Practice Act, approved June quiry mentioned in his message, in which it is 18, 1852; recommending its indefinite postpone- these cases was unknown in his part of the The report was concurred in, LEGAL SALES OF PROPERTY.

PRACTICING LAWYERS. Mr. BONHAM introduced a bill [8, No. 238] prescribing certain qualifications of Attorneys terms required was a guarantee on the part of the State that the property donated should be faithfully applied to carry out the object for schieb it was given.

In addition to the usual oath the following: "And that I have not any time, either directly or indirectly aided, countenanced, abetted or assisted the late rebellion against the Government of the

United States, by words, acts or deeds."

Mr. McCLURG introduced a bill [8, No. 239] authorizing other sessions of the Common form in all our courts. This made exceptions. The Tribune's Washington special dispatch the Circuit Courts; which was passed to the

GETTYSBURG CEMETERY.

Mr. DYKES introduced a bill [S. No. 240] for An Act to amend sections 3 and 4 of the Liquor Law approved March 5, 1859, which was passed to the second reading.

property, and for the assessment of the just compensation to which the owners would be entitled under the Constitution. With these entitled under the Constitution. With these compensation is a constitution of the legal voters of the township, or town—if an incorporated city, by a majority of the legal voters in the ward. suggestions, the whole subject is again com- license would not be injurious to the peace and welfare of the people of such township, town or city. For a second or subsequent conviction for selling without license the fine shall not be less than \$20 and imprisonment not less than ten nor more than 30 days.

tee thereon, returned the bill [S. No. 126] to amend, by striking out the words, "of good his brother, Assistant Assessor, of the same Mr. WRIGHT, from the Committee on amend An Act regulating fees and salaries, moral character."

Roads, returned the bill [8, No. 134] rendering approved March 2, 1855, recommending its Mr. SHUEY sta neult and expensive, recommending that it lie on his motion the bill and report were made on the table, it being similar to the bill H. R. the special order for to-morrow at 236 o'clock by reference to the Journal of Monday: Insert the 7 o'clock train last night. On his motion the bill and report were made

Mr. BENNETT, from the special committee | sence of other substantial proof."

time and passed to a second reading.

rules) till 2 o'clock P. M. to-morrow. ----HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WEDNESDAY, November 22, 1865. The SPEAKER called the House to order at

equally distributed; but where is the equality | On motion by Mr. CHURCH, the reading of SPECIAL COMMITTEES-APPORTIONMENT. The SPEAKER announced the following: Committee on House bill No. 11-Congressional Apportionment: Messrs Stewart, 4th District; Patterson, 1st; Lemon, 2d; Buskirk, 3d; Kilgore 5th; Harrison, 6th; Rice, 7th;

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, now. There is reason why the bill should | Message as relates to the grant of Lands for | bors and fathers and brothers will be dragged | paign in Virginia. repealed, but there is a great injustice in Agricultural College Purposes; Messrs, down to ruin. And in view of the fact that There are not a dozen leaders in Richmond having that found distributed in accordance Chambers, 5th District; Sullivan of Scott, 2d; they are directly the sufferers, it was emiith the provisions of the law. And then Boyd, 3d; Ferris, 4th; Sullivan of Vander- neutly proper that they should be consulted as lease of Jeff, Davis, there has been a species of log rolling for the burgh and Posey, 1st; Hogate, 6th; Lane, 7th; to the license. With such an amendment we passage of this bill. The politicus presented Milrey, 8th; Lasselle, 9th; Upson, 10th and would have all the guards we could obtain by

which it was made and designed is over, and der, viz: the consideration of his Back Pay and The SPEAKER announced the Special orbere were before. I know the countres of Mr. BROWN moved that the consideration uion and Fayette would pay a greater amount of the Special order be postponed till to-mor-Mr. PETTIT Mr. Henricks in the Chair, my to vote for the [6]. There being no sof. | said the motion was entirely agreeable to him. DRAINAGE.

ter of three. has already been made for the support of order of business was suspended, and the opposed to minors and women being introduced just adjourned. They adopted resolutions families, and that remain perhaps may House proceeded to the consideration of Senate into our political struggles. But as to young providing for the education of freedmen, and

Mr. BENNETT. If the war had continued. The bill S. No. 47) prescribing proceedings | He also spoke against the amendment which has day, it would be wrong to change it; but coming up It was passed to the second read-

JEFFERSONVILLE HOSPITAL not pessable that the people have expended all A message was received from the Acting were eight licensed groceries in his townhe money they would have expended had the Governor, by his Private Secretary, Mr. | Waterioo, DeKalk county-and two of them Mr. COERTY (interpressing). If it is right signed Mr. Rosch's school distribution bill, every person in the town. He made no temprovided they have paid it all, is it not half right and calling the attention of the General Asperance speech, but was not without feeling if they have paid feel?

Sembly to the fact that, as Acting Governor, in the matter. Let us have an efficient bill. Mr. BENNETT. If they have expended he had received a communication from the Mr. BROWN moved to lay Mr. Roach's BONNETS, more money than they have collected there United States Surgeon General, stating, in amendment on the table. might be some reason in the argument; but answer to Governor Morton's letter, that, on It was so ordered-affirmative, 69; neganot paid out more than has been collected. fersonville will be turned over to the State on Mr. BROWN moved to further smend by Mr. OYLER remarked that the question was the same terms that the Tripler Hospital of striking out the word "white," in 86th line of the passage of the bill, and the necessity for the State of Ohlo was disposed of to that State. the 3d section. Said Hospital Buildings at Jeffersonville are of Mr. COFFROTH was not in favor of extend-

SOUTH BEND BANK REPORT. The SPEAKER | Mr. Henricks in the Chair laid before the House an official statement of

The bill [8, 93] defining certain felonies, embezziements,) coming up,-On motion by Mr. NEWCOMB, it was re erred to the Judiciary Committee

DRAINAGE. The drainage bill (S. 104) coming up— On motion of Mr. HIGGINS, it was referred the Committee on Swamp Lands.

The bill (S. 108) amending section 8 of the ivorce law, coming up-On motion by Mr. OSBORN, it was referred the Judiciary Committee. The railroad liability bill (8, 114) coming

TAX STATEMENT. The tax statement bill (8, 118) coming The bill (S. 141) coming up, on motion by Mr. OSBORN, it was referred to the Committee on Corporations,

The bill [S. 122] (weights and measures) was passed to the second reading. The bill (S. 120) was referred to the Committee on Fees and Salaries. The county Lines bill (8, 127.) On motion of Mr. BENNETT, the bill 8. (It puts the boundary between Jackson and 75 was taken from the tables and placed on | Lawrence just as the Commissioners have fixed it, as Mr. Brown explained.) On motion by Mr. BOYD, it was referred to the Committee on Rights and Privileges. The bill (8, 145,) by motion of Mr. GROVES, was referred to the Committee on Organization to inquire into the expediency of amending the revenue law, so as to require County Treasurers to deduct the indebtedness to the county of every person to whom a county order is issued, before paying the same.

Was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on the Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on the Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on the Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts, The bill (S. 163) was referred to the Courts of Courts o ganization of Courts of Justice. The bill (8. 31) was referred to the Committee on the Judi-Mr. BENNETT offered a resolution, which clary. The bill (8, 34) was referred to the Committee on Corporations. The bill (S. No. 40) was referred to the Committee on the Judi-

> mittee on Corporations. REFEREES IN DIVORCE. On motion by Mr. NEWCOMB, the regular order of business was suspended, and the di-vorce bill [S. No. 16] was taken up on the second

It was passed to the third reading. Mr. NEWCOMB now moved a suspension of the constitutional restriction, to enable him to move the third reading of the bill to-day. He read from the remarks of Senator Brown, of Wells, thereon, as in the BREVIER REPORTS

mr. LASSELLE'S first objection to the bill Mr. CASON introduced a bill [S. No. 234] for Was that it strikes down uniformity in pleadas to get them referred and decided by themthe service of the United States, shall be cared for and maintained during the continuance of which was passed to the second reading. It was a disgrase to the Courts and the profession of the law. But it seemed to him there were other and better means of reaching these Mr. WARD introduced a bill [8, No. 236] for cases by criminal law—those men who regard oaths so lightly-let them be reached by the criminal law. He thought, therefore, there was no necessity for this bill. There was sometimes a necessity for referees—where there is an honorable Court and honorable attor-

> unprincipled lawyers and Judges abuse it. Mr. BUSKIRK. His friend admits the evil, but falls to suggest any other remedy than the one proposed in this bill. Until his friend proposes a better, he considered it was best to pass this bill. This practice of referees in State. We ought to put a stop to this obtaining divorces by fraud and perjury. Mr. LASSELLE. Uniformity is the beauty Mr. NOYES introduced a bill [S. No. 237] and boast of the laws and practice of the State confusion and embarrassment from one end of the State to the other. He never heard of the practice of referring these cases in his dis-

Mr. GREGORY, of Warren, demanded the previous question; and the main question, to wit: Shall the bill pass? was ordered. It was passed by the House of Representatives without amendment—yeas, 72; nays 12; the title: To amend Section 349 of the Civil Procedure Act of June 18, 1852.

Pleas Courts when they come in conflict with He thought it very doubtful whether we could says: A letter from an Alabama postmaster do this under the Constitution. He voted no. | says the Union men are rigidly excluded from Mr. BURWELL explained. This bill of the reconstruction conventions and official posi-On motion by Mr. THOMPSON, the Acting 10th Judicial Circuit. This thing of referring will decline the mission to Mexico, and it is be-PUBLIC NOTICES.

Mr. Lasselle's bill [H. R. 231] to protect lawful public notices, was passed to the third eading, and ordered to be engrossed. R. R. PASSENGER FARE. Mr. Henrick's Passenger Fare Railroad bill

[H. R. 232,] coming up, On motion of Mr. LOCKHART, it was re ferred to the Committee on Railroads. LIQUOR LAW. R. 218, amending section 3 and 4, and provid- of President Lincoln.

mended to lay that on the table. There was | manufactured by themselves,

Mr. CASON introduced a bill [S. No. 211] for voters in the township or ward; and it seemed dresses and appeals were made by General An Act to amend an amendment of An Act in | to him that they should be consulted in the | Fiske, Henry Ward Beecher and Dr. Bellows, relation to witnesses; and to repeal Sec. 238. matter of resisting this tide of evil. A woman of good ordinary sense has the capacity of judg-sixth anniversary in this city last night.

W. J. GILLESPIE. J. W. CALDWELL. Art. XIII of the General Practice Act ap. of good ordinary sense has the capacity of judg- sixth anniversary in this city last night. proved June 18, 1852; which was read the first | ing in this matter; and little boys and girls are | The Times' special says: Treasurer Spinjust as able to decide upon it as their father or ner has issued a supplement to the regula-And then the Senate adjourned (under the any legal voter. He would therefore require tions recently issued from the War Departthat their names be attached to the petition.

Mr. TRUSLER (interposing) how will it be tional Banks frequent errors occur, and thus letermined when they get a majority. Mr. RHOADS. He would provide for that by him. The Treasurer's books are so made by another amendment, to this effect: The ap- out as to admit of no change whatever, and plicant shall be required to make proof that he hereafter all returns and reports multilated Which is the most complete of any in the city, and will has a majority of all such persons. He did not propose to have this determined negatively. The Herald's Washington special dispatch but he would put the onus probandi upon the | says: It is understood that General Howard applicant, to prove that his petition is signed | will demonstrate in his report the utility of the | SILKS, REAL POPLINS, MERINOES, by a majority of all the inhabitants over four. Freedmen's Bureau, and the admissibility of teen years of age. Mr. GRIFFITH was in favor of the princi- longer needed by the whites or blacks.

jority of all the inhabitants over eighteen in the South. Mr. ROACH thought not; but that fourteen years were sufficient—knowing just as well Mr. Conway, late of the Freedmen's Bureau, what the consequences will be if they sign, or of Louisiana, will visit Liverpool shortly, forbear to sign it. They will readily know | The Richmond Whig says: General Lee has Committee on so much of the Governor's that if groceries are established, their neigh- intimated he will write a history of the cam- DRESS GOODS.

legislation against this traffic. ave been sent to every county in the State. On motion by Mr. GREGORY of Warren. Mr. BROWN made the point that the amends are the whole thing originated. Mr. Griffith had leave of absence from to-morment of Mr. Roach is not in order, because of city from Mexico, with a special and importthe pendency of two amendments when his ant mission, left for Washington last night in amendment was presented. ferred to the 58th rule, -second paragraph. lation.

from women and children have as much influ- by the Liberals, which was refused. ence with County Commissioners as the petition | A rumor has reached here that the reason Mr. ROACH. The question of numbers, from before Matamoras was their being sudnot influence, is to decide the question of li- denly informed of a body of Imperialists Mr. ZEIGLER still contended that influence | rear.

pase to be to protect minors, etc. As for men, | Episcopal church of the South. men and boys voting, there was not a town in their wives and children. the State which you can not obtain a majority of these boys and young men in favor of license. man from Henry. Mr. LOCKHART hoped that this bill would

not be encumbered with amendments. There

mont on the table.

MILLINERY COODS, ETC. It was laid on the table year 56; mays 23. striking out all that relates to signers of pe-Millinery, Straw tions in the towns. His object was to leave this matter to the township; for he would have no fears then that groceries would annoy peple living in the country. He was personally opposed to licensing the traffic at all. He recited a case where a man in his county obtained license against the unanimous remonstrance of the township. It showed the necessity of more stringent legislation.

Mr. SHUEY said the bill was a compromise AND FANCY GOODS,

friends of the present law. He would have the assent of all the legal voters. But we got the best bill we could. He was satisfied that the friends of prohibition would get more by adopting this bill in its present shape, than they could in any other way. He hoped the friends of the bill would not tear it in pieces and destroy its efficiency by amendments. It had been carefully examined in committee, and had the approbation of Attorney General Williamson. It provides that the County Commissioners in order to ascertain whether a The SPEAKER announced the Special Committee on the bills of the House, Nos. 23 and SI, namely, Messrs. Coffroth. Woods and Col-Mr. GRIFFITH was in favor of the amendment of the gentleman from Putnam (Mr. Lane.) The gentleman from Elkhart (Mr. Shuey) had said it was a compromise, and questioned whether we could pass it with rad-RIBBONS, SILKS, ical elements in it. He was willing to try it. He recited the incident of the women of his town conspiring against the groceries and

> tained; and when they were fined for the in-vasion the fine was paid by a voluntary sub-scription. He wanted to provide as much as possible againt the evils of intemperance, and therefore he would adhere to the amendme of the gentleman from Putnam (Mr. Lane.) Mr. COWGILL referred to a township his county easting about 800 votes, with a lit- | 8 E. Wash. St., & 15 S. Meridian, St. tle town in it casting not more than seventy five or eighty votes. He was of opinion that might be a majority of that town who would sign a petition to authorize the traffic, whilst if it were left to the people of the township the applicant could not get one-fourth of the voters. For the protection of the people of that township and every other township, he insisted that Mr. Lane's amendment was a very proper one to be incorporated into this

turning out all the whisky their barrels con-

Mr. BONNER spoke also in favor of Mr. Lane's amendment. He gave particulars about Greensburgh to justify his vote in that direc-Mr. GOODMAN moved an adjournment. BACK PAY AND BOUNTIES.

The SPEAKER obtained the informal consent of the House that the Select Committee which was referred his Soldier's bill No. 156, have leave to file their report with the Clerk, that it may go upon the Journal of the House On motion of Mr. LOCKHART leave of absence was granted to Mr. Major till Monday and Children. Full line of goods in And then the House (at 5 o'clock, P. M.) ad

Telegraphic Dispatches Afternoon Report.

LATER MEXICAN NEWS. French Flowers and Plumes

THE MEXICAN MISSION. neys-the reference saves the Judges a great Regulations of the Treasury

> A Cotton-Growing Company FRAUD IN THE REVENUE.

den den de. From New York.

Promotion--The Mexican Mission--Clement C. Clay and Jeff. Davis--Fraud in the Revenue--Meeting in Aid of the Southern People--Freed-men's Affairs--Cotton - Growing Comanpy--Treasury Affairs--Lee's History of the Campaign--Women's Petition for Davis' Release. NEW YORK, November 22. - The Times' Mr. MILLER explained his vote. The bill special says: Col. Ward, late of the 17th Ohio, was wrong in principle. Its very heading has been brevetted Brigadier General, for galshows that practice and pleading shall be uni- lant and meritorious conduct at Chickamauga.

Senator from Wells—his county—was gotten up to cure an evil which existed only in the The World's special says: General Logan and improvements of the value of not less than three hundred thousand dollars, adapted to the wise.

were referred to the Committee on Finance.

any occasion for the passage of this law.

The passage of the bill was then announced mind. Nothing known at the Fort regarding mind. his trial. The Chief Justice's interview with the Presi dent yesterday related almost wholly to the supposed object of the concentration of a military force in the vicinity of San Antonio,

Efforts to secure the parole of Clement C. Clay are unsuccessful. Several personal ap-Stress is laid upon the fact that Clay voluntarily surrendered himself on hearing he was

Mr. SHUEY stated the Committee recom- turned more than one-twentieth of the tobacco after the word "petition," this; "In the ab- Last night Fernando Wood was nominated for Mayor, but declined. Mr. John Hecker was The report was agreed to.

FAMILIES OF SOLDIERS, ETC.

Mr. BENNETT from the Select Committee

Mr. Bennet of the substantial proof.

Mr. RHOADS proposed to amend the amendment of the Committee by striking out the
aries, approved March 2, 1855, recommending

Words, "at least one half of the legal voters,"

latter nomination was also made by the Tam-

camilies of soldiers, etc., (described in these read the second time and passed to the third | were some transactions in society in which | lyn Academy of Music in aid of the Southern women were as much interested as men. They people. The meeting was well attended, notto remedy it that the circular is promulgated

Further Mexican News. New York, November 22.-General T company with the Mexican Minister. The SPEAKER ruled, that amendments not New Orleans, November 21, -Doubtful ru- REAL LACES IN THE WEST.

Mr. ZEIGLER said the object of the bill was to accomplish a certain end. Would a petition manded the surrender of the steamer captured of the sudden disappearance of the Liberals marching from Monterey to take them in the | Trimmings, Hosicry and Gloves, General Canby has issued an order restoring

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peals have been made by Mrs. Clay. Mr. Shuey's Laquor Law amendment bill [H. charged with complicity in the assassination The Herald's dispatch says: Mr. BENNETT, from the special commit- dation by the Committee on Temperance, to | A Revenue Inspector of Philadelphia, and

city, are charged with fraud in not having re-

continuing its existence until provisions are no ple of the amendment. He submitted whether American and English capitalists talk of it would not be more effective to say, "A ma- organizing a national cotton growing company

The English attempt to produce cotton in And all other desirable makes of German, French,

Mr. BUSKIRK understood the general pur- to the Methodists of this city the Methodist

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thereon, returned the bills [8, No. 197] and S. its passage,
No. 198 for the repeal of the Act for the relief of The report was concurred in and the bill tants exceeding fourteen years of age." There A meeting was held last night at the Brook-

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